

Frances: A Tool For Understanding Code Generation

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March 11, 2010

Overview

- ▶ Compiler and language courses are important
- ▶ These courses cover a wide range of difficult topics
- ▶ For example, translation to low level languages
 - ▶ Students often unfamiliar with low level languages
 - ▶ Students are comfortable with high level languages
- ▶ **Frances**
 - ▶ Leverage familiarity with a high level language
 - ▶ Help teach low level languages
 - ▶ Help teach language translation
 - ▶ Easy to use

Compiler design

- ▶ Compiler: translates one language to another
 - ▶ Typically: High level language → Low level language
 - ▶ Example: C++ → Assembly
- ▶ Compiler design in curriculum is common and important
 - ▶ Main topic in all Computing Curricula revisions
 - ▶ Difficult, but rewarding experience for students

Difficulties in Compiler design

- ▶ Compiler design and language courses
 - ▶ Wide range of topics to cover
 - ▶ Difficult topics
- ▶ For example: Language translation
 - ▶ Translation itself is difficult, also. . .
 - ▶ Thorough knowledge required of high level language
 - ▶ Thorough knowledge required of low level language

Difficulties in Compiler design

- ▶ Knowledge required of high level language
 - ▶ Most students are experienced with at least one
- ▶ Knowledge required of low level (assembly) language
 - ▶ Most students have never used such a language
- ▶ **On top of learning language translation, most students must learn a new type of language in little time.**
 - ▶ What can we do to ease this process?

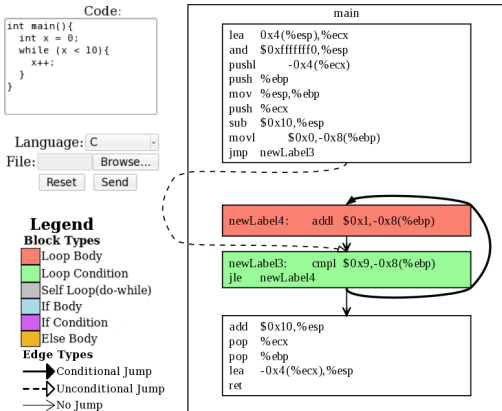
Ideas behind Frances

How to ease learning low level language and translation?

- ▶ Students are familiar with a high level language
- ▶ Compare user written high level code to compiler generated low level (assembly) code
 - ▶ Takes advantage of existing knowledge
 - ▶ Ability to compare language features in isolation
 - ▶ Try combinations of language constructs
 - ▶ Graphical and hands on
 - ▶ Easy to use

Frances overview

- ▶ Gives a comparison of high level and low level code
 - ▶ Graphical side by side representation
 - ▶ Color code types of code (ex: loop body vs condition)
 - ▶ Distinguish different program path types
 - ▶ Maintains ordering
- ▶ Easy to use
 - ▶ Machine independent
 - ▶ No adoption hurdles
 - ▶ Simple interface



► Initial state

Code:







```
int main(){  
}
```

Language:




File:

Legend

Block Types

-  Loop Body
-  Loop Condition
-  Self Loop(do-while)
-  If Body
-  If Condition
-  Else Body

Edge Types

-  Conditional Jump
-  Unconditional Jump
-  No Jump

main

```
lea 0x4(%esp),%ecx  
and $0xfffff0,%esp  
pushl -0x4(%ecx)  
push %ebp  
mov %esp,%ebp  
push %ecx  
pop %ecx  
pop %ebp  
lea -0x4(%ecx),%esp  
ret
```


- ▶ Syntax and statement ordering can be confusing
- ▶ Ex: ordering of loop condition and body may be swapped

```
Code:
int main(){
    int x = 0;
    while(x < 10)
        x++;
    x--;
}
```

Language:

File:

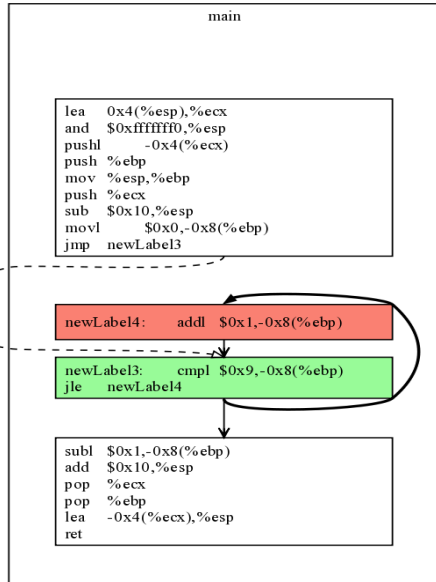
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► Nesting

```
Code: int main(){
      int x = 0, y = 0;
      while(x < 10){
        while(y < 5)
          y++;
      }
      x--;
    }
```

Language:




File:

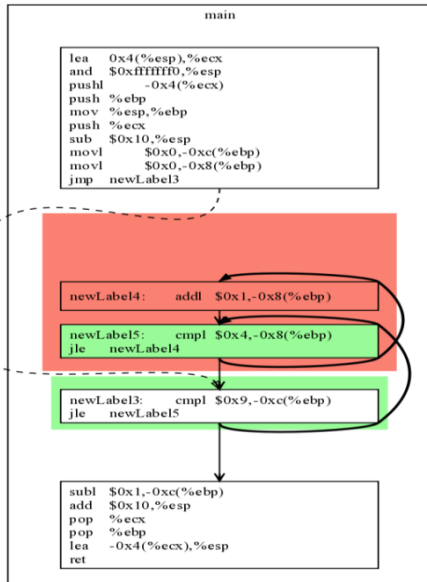
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► If/else

```
Code: int main(){
      int x = 0;
      if(x < 10)
        x++;
      else
        x += 2;
      x--;
    }
```

Language:

File:

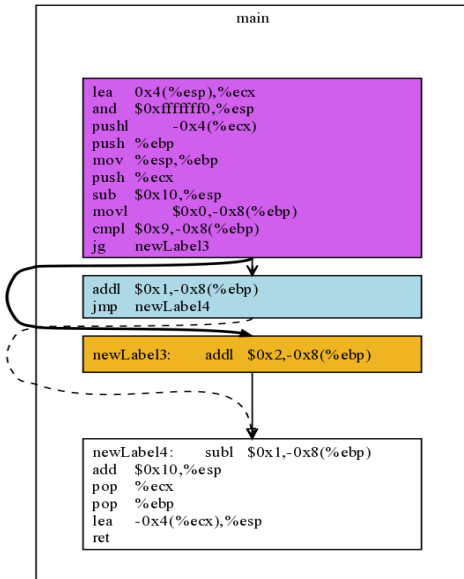
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► More nesting

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Code: int main(){
      int x = 0, y = 0;
      while(x < 10){
        if(x < 5)
          x += 2;
          x++;
        }
        x--;
      }
}
```

Language:

File: Browse...

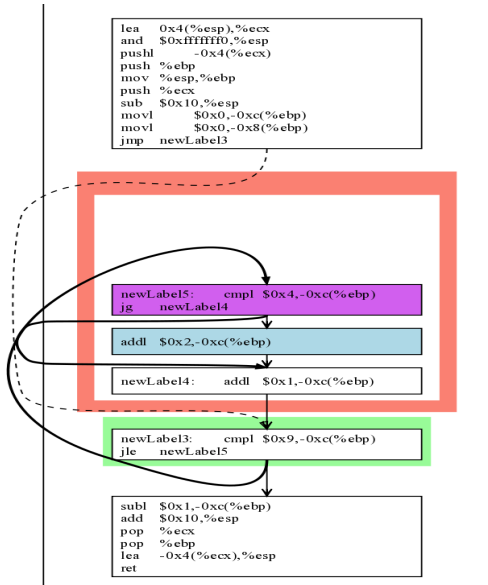
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► Self loop

```
Code: int main(){
      int x = 0;
      do{
          x++;
      }while(x < 10);
      x--;
```

Language: C




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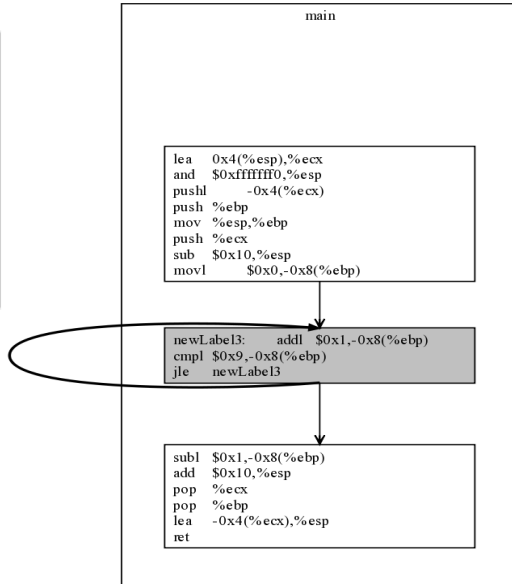
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► More nesting

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    }
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

Language:

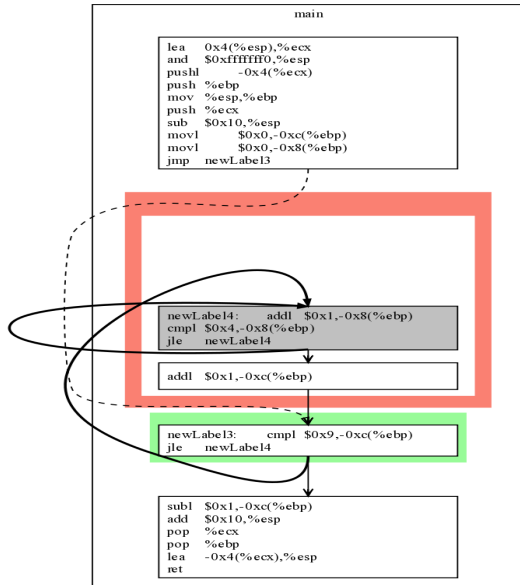
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► More nesting

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      if(x < 5){
          y = 0;
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          }while(x < 10);
      }
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  }
```

Language: C

File: Browse...

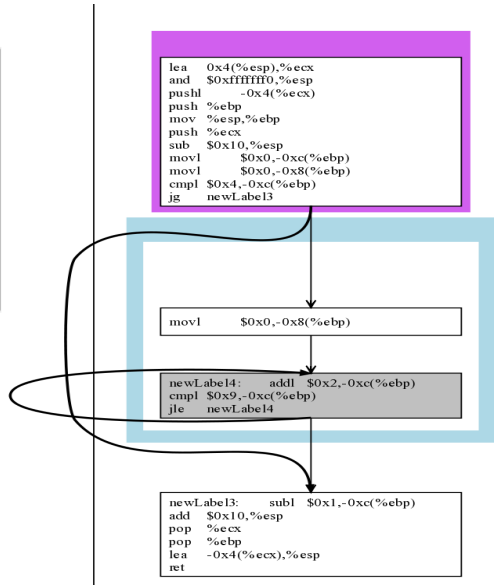
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Uses/experiences in a course

- ▶ Speeds up teaching/learning code generation/assembly
- ▶ Useful for students while implementing code generation
- ▶ More time for other/additional material

Course materials available

Future work

- ▶ Enhance interface to illustrate program execution
 - ▶ Show how instructions impact machine state
 - ▶ Show how program paths are taken
- ▶ Integrate Frances into additional courses
 - ▶ Organization / Architecture
 - ▶ CS1 / CS2

Conclusion

- ▶ For students, learning code generation and/or low level languages is often difficult.
 - ▶ Little experience with low level languages
 - ▶ Extensive use of high level languages
- ▶ **Frances** takes advantage of a students familiarity with a high level language to help teach how language constructs appear in low level languages.

Questions

Questions?

<http://www.cs.iastate.edu/~sapha/tools/frances/>